SURNAME	FIRST NAME
ILINIOR SCHOOL	SENIOR SCHOOL



## **COMMON ENTRANCE EXAMINATION AT 13+**

## **SCIENCE**

## **CHEMISTRY**

**Tuesday 8 November 2011** 

Please read this information before the examination starts.

- This examination is 40 minutes long.
- The answers should be written on the question paper.
- Answer all the questions.
- Calculators may be required.



- 1. Underline the option which best completes each of the following:
  - (a) A gas which relights a glowing splint is

carbon dioxide hydrogen nitrogen oxygen

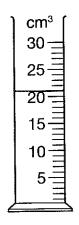
(b) Air is an example of

a compound an element a mixture a solution

(c) An example of a fossil fuel is

alcohol coal paper wood

(d) In the measuring cylinder



the volume of liquid is

18 cm<sup>3</sup> 19 cm<sup>3</sup> 21 cm<sup>3</sup> 22 cm<sup>3</sup>

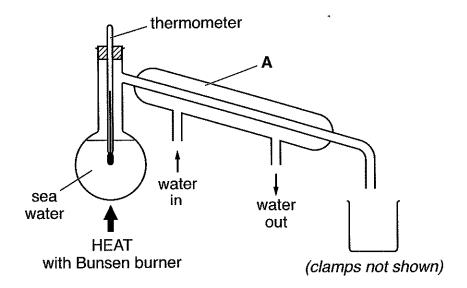
(e) Thomas wrote, 'If an iron nail were put into vinegar, bubbles of hydrogen gas would be formed.'

Thomas' statement is best described as

a conclusion a method an observation a prediction (5)

2.	The g	as burnt in the Bunsen burner is the compound methane, a hydrocarbon.	
	(a)	(i) Explain what you understand by the word <i>compound</i> .	
			(2)
	(	(ii) Name the two products when a hydrocarbon is burnt completely in air.	
		1:	
		2:	(2)
	Here	are two diagrams of Bunsen burner flames:	
	(b)	gas adjustable air hole air hole air hole completely open: blue, roaring flame air hole vellow, sooty flame  (i) Which arrow, A, B or C, is pointing to the hottest part of the roaring flame?	
			(1)
	ı	(ii) Suggest and explain why the yellow flame is also sooty.	
			(2)
	(	iii) Explain why the yellow flame should be used when the Bunsen burner is not being used for heating.	
		,	(1)

3. Paul has set up this apparatus in order to separate pure water from sea water.



(:	a١	What	name is	aiven	to t	his	method	of	separation	1?
١,	.,	VVIICLE	name is	GIVOII	LO L	1110	11100100	٠.	oopai atioi	٠.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(1)
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1	(b)	Name	the	piece	of	apparatus	labelled	Α.

741
 (1)

(c) Paul has made three mistakes in the way in which he has set up the apparatus. State the three mistakes he has made.

	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
-	I •

2:
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(d) Using ideas about boiling points, explain why pure water is formed in the beaker and salt is left behind in the flask.

.....(2)

4. 6000 years ago man learned to convert copper ore into copper. The diagram below shows how this was done.

hollow bamboo tube down which air is blown

container of crushed copper ore and carbon

(a)	Why does blowing into a fire make it burn better?	
		(1)
(b)	The copper ore contains copper carbonate.	
	Copper carbonate breaks down when heated into	
	• copper oxide and	
	a gas which turns limewater milky	
	(i) Write the word equation for the breakdown of copper carbonate.	
	+	(2)
	(ii) What type of reaction is this?	
		(1)
(c)	Carbon then reacts with the copper oxide to form copper.	
	What does this tell you about the reactivity of copper compared with the reactivity of carbon?	
		(1)

Sam was investigating the pH of different soil samples. 5. E В Α First, she put a little of the soil with some distilled water in a test tube. Next, she shook the test tube. Then she filtered the mixture before adding a few drops of Universal Indicator. (i) Explain why she used the distilled water. (a) (1) (ii) Explain why she shook the mixture. (1) (i) Draw a labelled diagram below to show how she could have filtered the (b) mixture. (4) (ii) Explain why she filtered the mixture.

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Next, she added a few drops of Universal Indicator and noted its colour. Here are her results:

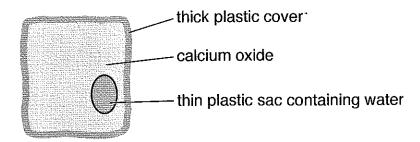
soil sample	colour	PH
Α	light green	6.5
В	yellow	5.5
С	green	7.0
D	blue/green	8.0
Е	green	7.0

(c)	Which soil sample is the most acidic?	(1)
Her	e is some information about the pH values in which some plants prefer to grow:	

plant	potato	apple	onion	asparagus	strawberry
preferred pH range	5.5-6.0	5.0-6.5	6.0-7.0	6.0-8.0	5.0-7.0

		3-						
(d)	Whi	ch plant	would probab	ly grow best	in soil D?			(1)
In s	ome	parts of	the world, soi	ls can be affe	ected by acid	rain.		
(e)	(i)	Describe	e one way in	which acid ra	in is made.			
		****	•••••••		••••••			(1)
	(ii)	Suggest	what effect t	his can have	on plants gro	wing in this s	oil.	
		***********			•••••••••	•••••	***************************************	(1)
	(iii)		•				fect of acid rain.	(4)
		*********	****************		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			(1)
	(iv)	Name th	e type of rea	ction which o	ccurs.			
								/1\

6. The diagram below shows a hand warmer.



When the hand warmer is twisted, the thin sac of water breaks and mixes with the calcium oxide.

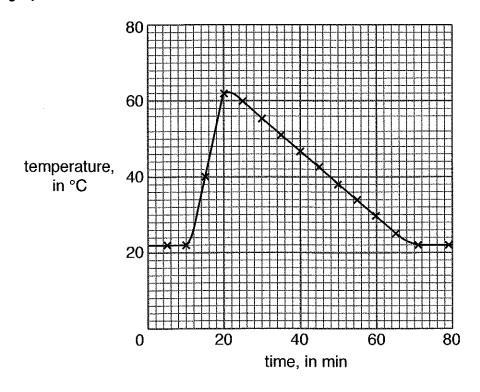
The water reacts with the calcium oxide, forming calcium hydroxide.

This reaction also produces heat.

(a)	Write the word equation for this reaction.	
		(2)
(b)	When the reaction has finished, would you expect the mass of the hand warmer to have increased, decreased or remained the same?	
		(1)
	Explain your answer:	
	——————————————————————————————————————	/1)

Ruby decided to measure the temperature changes in the hand warmer and to measure for how long it could be used.

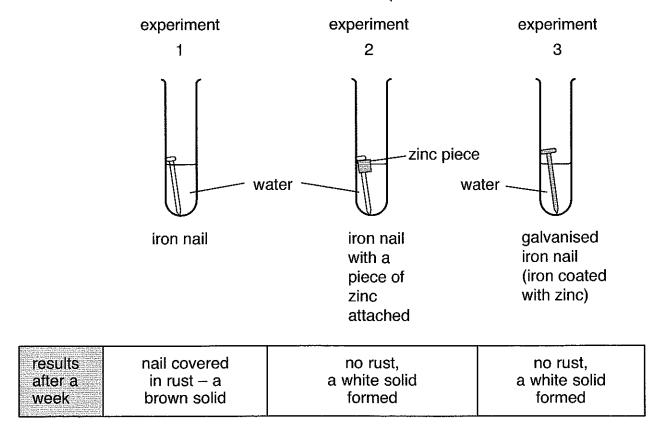
She took a number of temperature measurements at 5-minute intervals and plotted them on a graph.



(c)	(i)	What was the room temperature on the day of the experiment?	
			(1)
	(ii)	After what length of time did Ruby start the reaction in the hand warmer?	
			(1)
	(iii)	What was the maximum temperature reached by the hand warmer?	
			(1)
	(iv)	For how long did the hand warmer stay warm?	
			(1)

(ii) make it keep its heat longer.  After the hand warmer had cooled down, Ruby carefully cut open the plastic corto test its contents.  She carried out the two tests shown in the table below. Fill in the conclusions she could make from these tests.  test carried out on contents conclusions  when Universal Indicator was added, it turned purple  when anhydrous copper sulphate was added, it turned blue  his question is about the rusting of iron.  (i) Which two substances must be present for an iron object to rust?	She carried out the two tests shown in the table below.  Fill in the conclusions she could make from these tests.  test carried out on contents  when Universal Indicator was added, it urned purple  when anhydrous copper sulphate was added, it turned blue  s question is about the rusting of iron.  (i) Which two substances must be present for an iron object to rust?		<b></b>
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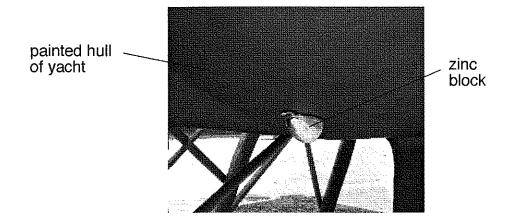
There are a number of ways in which iron objects can be protected from rusting. The following three experiments were set up to illustrate two of them.



(b)	(i) Using ideas about the reactivity of metals, explain why the piece of zinc in experiment 2 protects the iron from rusting.	-
		(2)
		(2)
	(ii) What is the name of the white solid which formed?	(1)
(-\		( )
(c)	Describe and explain the extra protection which coating the nail in zinc gives to the galvanised iron nail in experiment 3.	
		(2)
		(2)

## TURN OVER FOR THE REST OF THIS QUESTION

The photograph below shows the underneath of a yacht used for sea-racing.



(d)	(i) Suggest why yachts which are sailed at sea rust more rapidly than those sailed on fresh water.	
		(1)
	(ii) Why is it necessary to replace the zinc block from time to time?	
		(1)
(e)	Suggest a different method which would protect an underwater iron cable from rusting.	
		(1)

(Total marks: 60)