SURNAME	FIRST NAME
IUNIOR SCHOOL	SENIOR SCHOOL



COMMON ENTRANCE EXAMINATION AT 13+

SCIENCE

PHYSICS

Wednesday 25 January 2012

Please read this information before the examination starts.

- This examination is 40 minutes long.
- The answers should be written on the question paper.
- Answer all the questions.
- Calculators may be required.



- 1. Underline the option which best completes each of the following:
 - (a) Light is given out by

the Hubble Space telescope the Moon
the Sun Venus

(b) An effect which light cannot undergo is

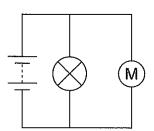
dispersion reflection refraction repulsion

- (c) The best material to use as the core of a strong electromagnet is

 aluminium copper iron lead
- (d) A small rectangular block of metal must be a magnet if it aligns itself east-west when hung up from the ceiling is attracted towards a magnet is made of steel is repelled by a magnet
- (e) A spring extends 9 cm when a weight of 3 N is hung from it.A weight of 1 N will make it extend

1 cm 3 cm 6 cm 10 cm

(f)



The energy transfer occurring in the circuit above is from the battery and lamp to the motor from the battery to the lamp and motor from the lamp to the battery and motor from the motor and battery to the lamp

(g)	During an ecl	ipse of the Sun the									
	Earth is betw	veen the Moon and th	e Sun								
	shadow of the Moon falls on the Earth										
	shadow of th	ne Moon falls on the S	Sun								
	Sun is betwe	en the Moon and the	Earth								
(h)	A car is going In 1 minute it	at a steady speed of 3	30 m/s.								
	0.5 m	300 m	1 800 m	108 000 m	/ 0\						
					(8)						
A m	etre ruler is ba	alanced at its centre.									
	0	30	50	100							
		20 N									
A fo	orce of 20 N pu	ılls down at the 30 cm ı	mark as shown.								
(a)	How far from	the pivot is the 20 N fo	erce?								
	***************************************				(1)						
To h		•		the other side of the pivot.	` '						
(b)		r far from the pivot this									
(0)	• •	ur working.	TO IN IOICE SHOULD	ос арриса.							

					(2)						
	(ii) State at v	which mark on the rule	r this force should b	pe applied.							
					(1)						
					(')						
(c)	Mark on the o	diagram the size and d	irection of the force	which the pivot exerts on							

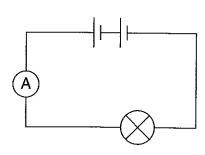
2.

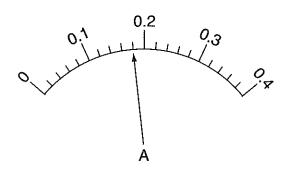
(2)

(You should ignore the weight of the ruler.)

3. The circuit below is set up and the lamp glows brightly.

The diagram shows the reading on the ammeter.

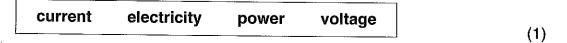




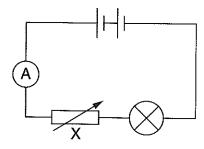
(a) (i) Write down the reading on the ammeter.

..... (1)

(ii) From the list in the box below, underline the quantity which an ammeter measures.



Another component, X, is now connected into the circuit as shown below.



(b) Name component X.

Con	nponent X is adjusted to make the lamp dimmer.	
(c)	(i) State what happens to the reading on the ammeter.	
		(1)
	(ii) Explain what has been done to component X to make this happen.	(1)
Whe	en the reading on the ammeter falls to 0.1 A, the lamp stops glowing.	(•)
(d)	Explain why the lamp stops glowing even though current is still flowing through it.	
		(1)
The	lamp is now removed and replaced with an LED.	
(e)	To the diagram below, add the symbol for an LED connected correctly.	
	A)	(2)
The	LED glows brightly even when the ammeter is reading 0.02 A.	
(f)	Suggest why LEDs, rather than lamps, are now used in torches.	
		(2)
The	connections to the LED are now reversed.	
(g)	State the reading on the ammeter.	
		(1)

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4. The picture below shows a garden light.



These lights contain a device called a photovoltaic cell.

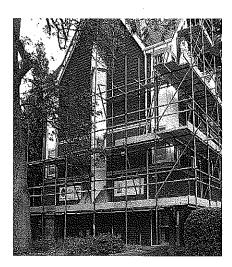
When the Sun shines on the photovoltaic cell during the day, it converts the solar energy and stores energy in a battery.

(a) Complete the box below to show the energy transformation which occurs in the photovoltaic cell during the day.

	solar energy energy
(b)	In which form is the energy stored in the battery?
Wh	en it gets dark, the circuit switches on automatically and the garden light shines.
(c)	Name the component in the light's circuit which enables it to sense when it gets dark.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
The	e garden light does not shine for as long in September as it does in June.
(d)	Give two reasons for this.
	1:
	2:

(e)	Suggest friendly'.	wny	you	think	these	lights	are	described	as	being	environmentally	
	•••••			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	**********	********	•••••					
						•••••						
												(2)

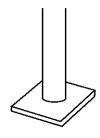
5. The picture below shows some scaffolding round a building.



(a)	Suggest	why	some	of the	poles	are	placed	diagona	lly.
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......(

The bottom of each vertical pole is placed on a square sheet of wood, as shown below.



(b)	Exp	olain	why	this	is	sensible.

.....(3)

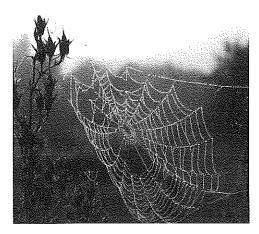
The 2.8 g	cen J/cm	nent in the bucket has a volume of 5000 cm ³ ; wet cement has a density of ³ .	
(c)	(i)	State the equation which relates density, mass and volume.	
		,,	(1)
	(ii)	Show that the bucket full of wet cement has a mass of about 14 kg.	
		,	
			(2)
	(iii)	On Earth, gravity exerts a force of 10 N on each kilogramme.	
		Calculate the weight of the cement in the bucket.	
			(2)
The	buil	der accidentally drops the bucket and it falls to the ground.	
(d)	(i)	Name the upwards force which acts on the bucket as it falls.	
			(1)
	(ii)	Explain whether or not the bucket falls at a constant speed.	
			(2)

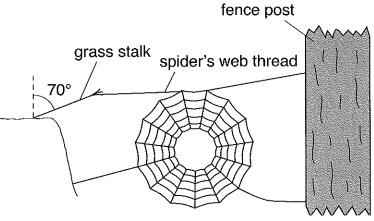
A builder on the top level hauls a bucket of cement up to where he is working.

6. The picture below shows a spider's web.

Tim noticed a similar web spun across a roadside ditch.

One end of the top thread was attached to a fence post; the other was attached to a grass stalk, causing the stalk to be pulled over at an angle of 70° from the vertical, as shown in the diagram below.





(a) Name the force in the spider's thread pulling the grass stalk.

By attaching a thin cotton thread to another grass stalk, Tim tries to measure the size of the force, in millinewtons, needed to bend it over through different angles.

A millinewton (mN) is one thousandth of a newton.

His results are shown below.

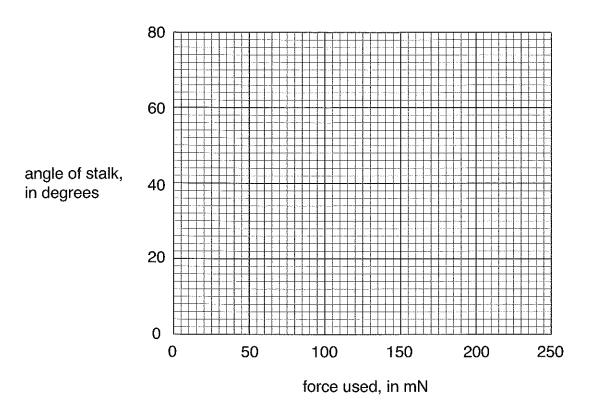
force used to pull grass stalk to this angle, in mN	angle of grass stalk from vertical, in degrees
0	0
25	20
50	36
75	48
100	57

(b) Name the instrument which Tim could use to measure the force required.

......(1)

(c) (i) Plot these data on the graph grid opposite. (2)

(ii) Draw a suitable best-fit line. (2)



(d)	Use your graph to estimate the size of the force which would be needed to bend the grass stalk through 70°.	
	force exerted =	(2)
(e)	Suggest and explain why this is an unreliable way for Tim to find the force which the spider's thread exerts on the grass stalk which was being bent through 70°.	
		(2)
	en an insect lands in a spider's web, it causes the web to vibrate, but no sound can heard coming from the web itself.	
(f)	Suggest two reasons why you think this might be.	

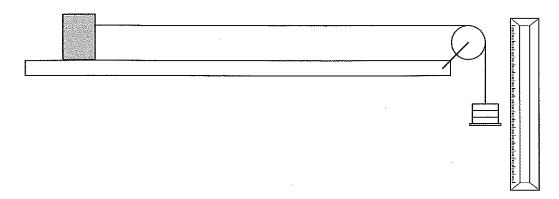
TURN OVER FOR QUESTION 7

(1)

(1)

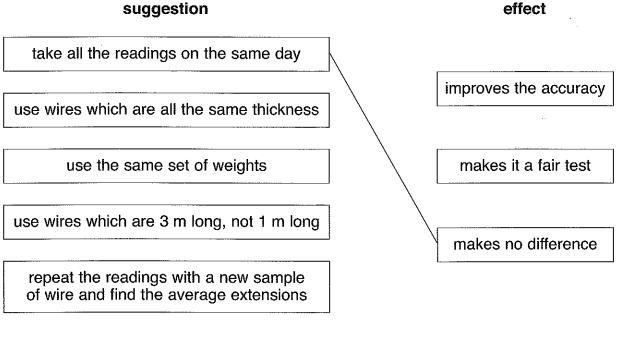
Mary decides to compare the stiffness of different metals by stretching wires and measuring their extensions.

She decides to fix one end of a wire, pass the wire over a pulley and hang weights from the other end, as shown below.



She knows that she ought to design a 'fair test' and that she should choose a method which will make her measurements accurate.

She thinks that the five suggestions shown below are sensible.



Draw a line to link each of Mary's suggestions to the effect it will have. (The first suggestion has been linked for you.)

(Total marks: 60)