

COMMON ENTRANCE EXAMINATION AT 13+

SCIENCE

LEVEL 2

PHYSICS

WARK SCHEME

This is a suggested, not a prescriptive, mark scheme.

Wednesday 29 January 2014



Additional Guidance	Mark	19w21A		- 1
		g cguqle	(a)	1
	9	the Moon lies between the Sun and the	(q)	
		son inght being dispersed by assing through raindrops	(o)	
			(p)	
		cosi	(ə)	
		all forces on it are balanced	(1)	
	L	A bns A	(i) (s)	S.
accept 'same height'	l	because they have the same amplitude	(ii)	
	L	λes	(i) (d)	
accept 'waves happen more often' – the answer must relate to time, not distance	L	the frequency increases	(ii)	-
accept 'all her energy is gravitational potential'	Ļ	gnivom ton si ərlə	(a)	3.
	L	4320	(p)	
sccept ,the gpe and ke	ı	the total energy is the same at all four points	(၁)	
accept 'gravity'	L	tdgiəw	(p)	
reference to 'same time' accept 'her kinetic energy increases'	ı	she moves a bigger distance in the same time	(ə)	
,pnodsucd, sccebt ,nbtpknst, ok	L	any of: friction/drag/water resistance	(1)	

Q.	Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
9. (a) (i)	air water		
	rays correctly drawn from snail to fish	1	ignore absence of arrow but penalise incorrect arrow
	angles approximately correct (by eye)	1	
(ii)	angle of incidence air water		
	normal drawn correctly at the point where the ray is reflected	1	the normal need not be labelled
	angle of incidence shown and labelled correctly	1	
(b) (i)	air water		
	ray from snail to surface of water	1	arrow not essential but penalise incorrect arrow
	ray refracted correctly	1	ignore absence of normal
(ii)	refraction	1	
Total		60	

	Q.	Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
(d)	as the current increases, the strength of the electromagnet increases	1	accept 'it picks up more pins as the current increases'
		further detail e.g.: it does not get stronger after the current has reached 3.5A	1	liicieases
((e)	the iron core is fully magnetised	1	accept 'the domains are all aligned'
((f)	increase the number of turns on the coil/ use a larger iron core	1	accept either
8. ((a)	time = $60 \times 30 \div 1.2 = 1500$ s	2	
((b)	gravity is weaker on Mars	2	
		because Mars is smaller/less massive than Earth		
((c)	reason:	1	
		lots of wheels/large wheels		
		explanation:	2	'pressure' must be
		large surface area (in contact with the ground)		mentioned and used correctly to gain the second mark
		means that the pressure is low		
((d)	Mars is further from the Sun	2	accept the converse
		so the light is weaker/less intense		accept 'less light reaches Mars'

Q.	Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
4. (a)	= 0.4 × 30	3	accept '0.12 Nm'
	= 12		
	N cm		
(b)	equating moments	2	
	weight = 12/10 = 1.2 (N)		
5. (a)	A		
	correct symbols	1	
	all components in series	1	
(b)	the same cells the same length of each wire	2	do not accept 'the same diameter of wire' as this was stated in the question
(c)	note the reading on the ammeter as he tests each wire	2	
	the higher the ammeter reading, the lower the resistance of the wire		
6. (a)	65 g	1	
(b)	$76 - 50 = 26 \text{ (cm}^3\text{)}$	1	
(c) (i)	density = mass/volume	1	accept any correct arrangement
(ii)	$\frac{65}{26} = 2.5$	2	allow ecf from (a) and (b)
	g/cm ³		

Q.	Answer	Mark Additional Guidance
7. (a) (i)	they have the same strength	1
(ii)	because both electromagnets picked up the same number of pins	accept 'they picked up the same mass/weight'
(b)	iron: all/most of the pins will fall off	1
	steel: all/some of the pins will remain attracted	1
	reason: the iron will lose its magnetism but the steel will remain magnetised	accept 'iron is a temporary/soft magnet but the steel is a permanent/hard one'
(c) (i)	60	
	50	
	number of pins lifted	
	30	
	20	
	10	
	0	
	0 1 2 current, i	3 4 5 n amps
	accurate plotting of points	2 within $\frac{1}{2}$ square
(ii)	curve (not a sequence of straight lines) which is a good fit to the plotted points	1